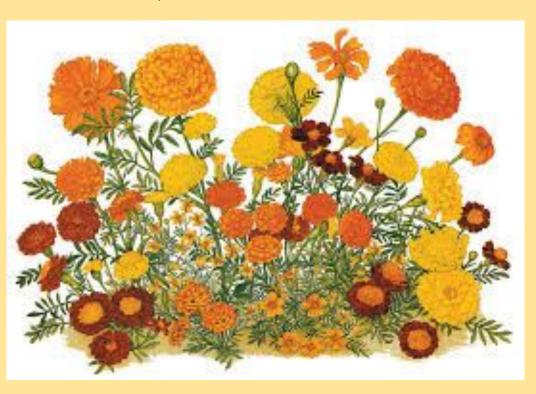


MARIGOLDS (Tagetes sp)



The tall varieties are often called African marigolds, and the petite ones French marigolds, but WE know they all originally come from...

Originating in Mexico and Guatemala, Marigolds were cultivated by the Maya and Aztecs as an important spiritual and medicinal plant. Portuguese and Spanish colonizers introduced them to the rest of the world in the 1500s, and created new varieties.

They are deeply rooted in pre-Hispanic Aztec rituals tied to the goddess Mictecacihuatl, or the Lady of the Dead, who helped spirits to travel back to earth to commune with and be celebrated by family members. The flower's bright color and strong scent help spirits find their way. This is now known as Día de Muertos.







The Aztec and Maya used the flowers as medicine, internally

and externally, for:

- Stomach pains
- Fevers
- Bruises
- Cuts and sores
- headaches



They were also used as a dye. Spiritual leaders would ritually bathe in the petals, and they are edible! (though strong tasting.) They are used in spice mixes and sprinkled on dishes. They are very high in vitamin A, Miguel!

In gardens, Mexican marigolds:

- Repel rabbits and deer
- Repel aphids, mites, destructive caterpillars, snails, slugs
- They are one of the only plants known to repel nematodes by excreting a chemical from their roots.
- Attract bees, ladybugs and parasitic wasps

They have a particularly beneficial relationship with tomatoes, peppers and potatoes. Hmmm.....

